

"There Are Still a Lot of Things that I Need": A Qualitative Study Exploring Opportunities to Improve the Health Outcomes of First Nations People with Arthritis seen at an On-reserve Outreach Rheumatology Clinic

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Background & Objective

- Arthritis is among the most prevalent chronic diseases in the Indigenous population of Canada (1) and its disabling effects are greater in Indigenous than in non-Indigenous people, which is evidence of health outcomes inequities (2).
- A rheumatology specialty clinic embedded in a primary health care center on a First Nations reserve was established six years ago to reduce arthritis outcome inequities and even though it has proved successful to achieve physician-derived disease control targets, 24-month follow-up data showed that patient-reported pain, disease severity and physical function did not significantly improve (3).
- The objective of this study was to explore remaining care needs from patient and provider perspectives, to inform enhancements to the model of care in this clinic.

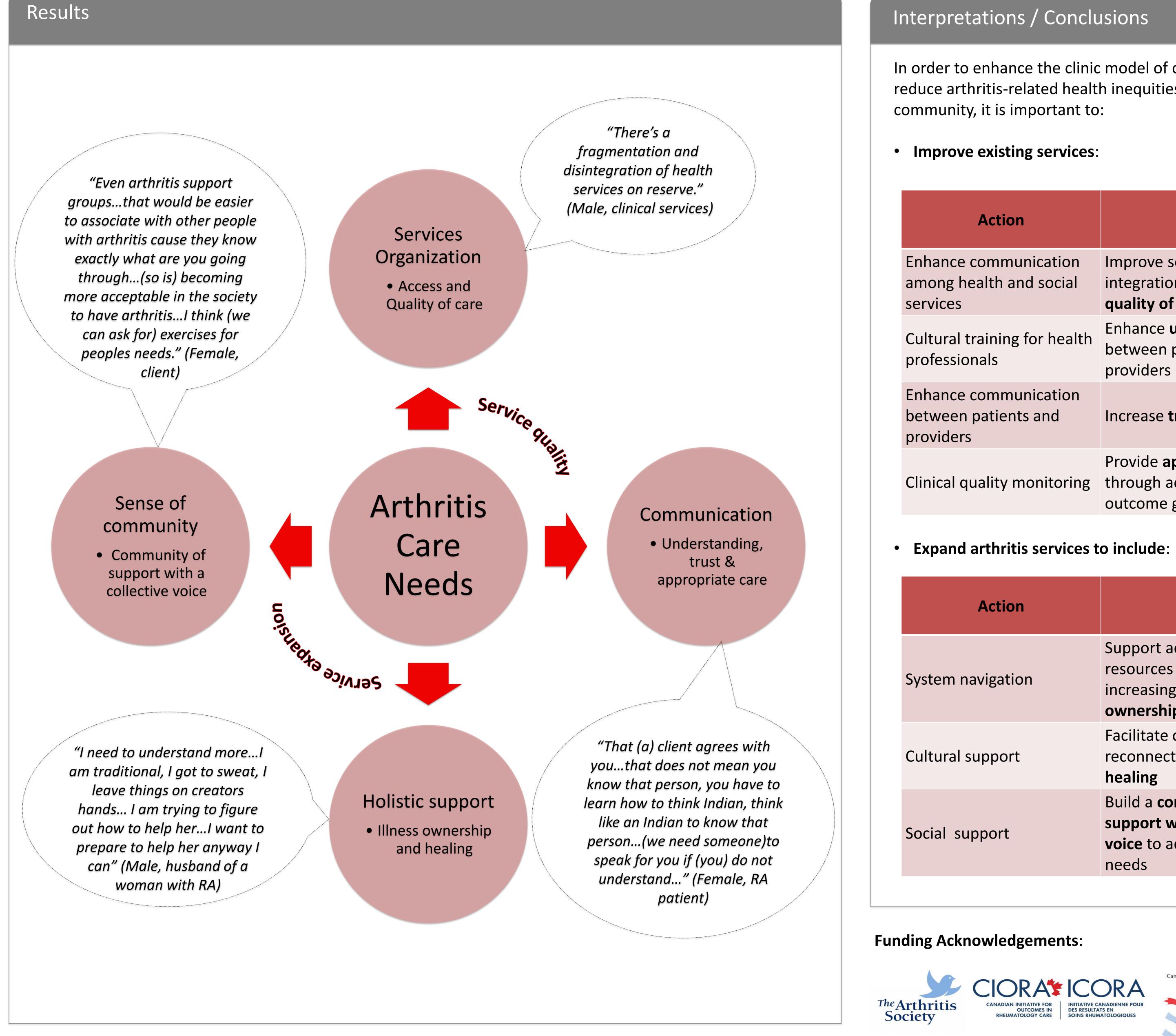
Methods

Constructivist narrative-based qualitative study: 34 in-depth interviews were conducted to reach

- thematic saturation:
 - 10 clinic users (9 patients with rheumatoid arthritis and 1 family member)
 - 22 service providers (14 clinical, 8 administrative)
- Analysis was conducted in two steps:
 - Step 1- content analysis of service providers' narratives & synthesis using the logic framework "need-purposefunction-role".
 - Step 2- dialogic analysis comparing step 1 synthesis with clinic users' narratives.
- Results' interpretation was facilitated by "service quality" and "cultural competency" frameworks that helped identifying actions and corresponding goals.

References

- (number 2115). 2014



1. Ng C, Chatwood S, Young TK. Arthritis in the Canadian Aboriginal population: North-South differences in prevalence and correlates. Chronic Dis Can. 2014 31(1): 22-26. 2. O'Donnell S, Bartlett L, Degano C. Chapter four: Arthritis among First Nations, Métis and Inuit. In: Life with arthritis in Canada: A personal and public health challenge. Edited by Sales P.Public Health Agency of Canada 2010:70–75 3. Bell B, Leclercq S, Mosher DP, El-Gabalawy H, White T, Fritzler M, Barnabe C. Inflammatory Arthritis Treatment Outcomes at a First Nations Reserve Rheumatology Specialty Clinic. American College of Rheumatology Meeting Abstracts



In order to enhance the clinic model of care and thereby reduce arthritis-related health inequities in this

Action	Goal
e communication health and social	Improve services integration, access and quality of care
l training for health ionals	Enhance understanding between patients and providers
e communication n patients and rs	Increase trust
quality monitoring	Provide appropriate care through achieving outcome goals

Action	Goal
navigation	Support access to needed resources and services, increasing illness ownership
l support	Facilitate cultural reconnection, favoring healing
support	Build a community of support with a collective voice to advocate their needs



